V.3229/V.3229L Manual

For Sales or Service Contact:

Data Connect Enterprise 301-924-7400

http://www.data-connect.com/ sales@data-connect.com

Chapter 5 Asynchronous Operating Commands

GENERAL

This chapter describes the AT commands used to select options and to operate and test the modem.

COMMAND CATEGORIES

The modem offers eight major categories of command statements:

- .
- ResponseDial
- Terminal Interface
- Test
- General
- Configuration
- Security
- Protocol

OPERATION MODES

During asynchronous operation the modern functions in one of three modes:

- Offline Command Mode
- Online Command Mode
- Data Mode

Offline Command Mode

In offline command mode (generally referred to as command mode), the modem communicates with the computer or terminal. Commands can be entered separately or in strings. There is no data communication link established in this mode.

Online Command Mode

This mode is entered from the data mode after the escape command has been entered. The data communication link remains established but data transmission is suspended. The modem will now accept commands like it does in the offline command mode.

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Data Mode

nects with a compatible modem. In data mode, the modem sends and receives data, but will not accept knowledges the proper signal and successfully conor execute command instructions. The modem goes to data mode (online) after it ac-

THE MODEM **COMMANDS TO** SENDING

of memory called the command buffer. command statement temporarily resides in a section mand, is typed using the computer keyboard. The a command statement, command string, or just comfunction or activity to perform. The instruction, called instruction can be sent to the modem telling it what When the computer, modem, and monitor are on, an

struction. form so the modem recognizes and follows the innumbers, and such keyboard symbols as the & and % signs. Commands must be written in a specific Each command statement is made up of characters,

Statement Creating a Command

2

To create a command statement use the following

- Type AT. This is the Attention Code telling the unit a command statement follows.
- Type the command.
- Press the return key to "Enter" or send the command statement to the modern

command (D) follows. An example of a command statement using the dial

ATD555-1212

This statement can be read as: Attention: Dial 555-1212.

Another example is: Enter ATZ.

This means Attention: execute the Z command.

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Asynchronous Operating Commands

ROR" is returned is returned. If the command is not accepted "ERresponse message. If the command is accepted "OK" After entering a command line the modem returns a

form one of the following: To clear command statements from the buffer per-

- Turn the modem off
- Enter AT
- Use the DTR reset feature

The attention code (AT) is analyzed by the modem to

Autobaud

Statements Command Creating Guidelines for

repeated each time the AT command prefix is sent. character used by the DTE. This autobaud process is determine the transmission speed, parity, and bits per

When typing command statements, note the following:

- case but not a combination like aT The attention code (AT) may be upper or lower
- Return must be pressed to execute (Enter) a com-
- The command buffer can hold 40 characters.
- Use the backspace or delete key to erase the last character.

upper and lower case. lower case, characters that follow can be any mix of Even though the initial AT code must be all upper or

Monitor Display

off using AT commands. Refer to Local Character ter for details. local character echo. The echo may be turned on or Echo in the General Commands section of this chapso the operator can verify the input. This is called As commands are typed they appear on the monitor

Command Buffer

The modem temporarily stores up to 40 characters in the command buffer. If this limit is exceeded, the modem does not accept the command and sends an ERROR message. To correct this condition, retype the command using 40 characters or less.

The AT characters and punctuation used in telephone numbers do not take up space in the buffer. Also, blank characters used as spaces to help increase readability are not counted. For example, the modern reads the commands

ATD (212) 555-1212 ATD2125551212 ATD 212 555 1212

as having 11 characters each. Commands can be typed in any of these forms.

Backspace Key

Use the backspace key to change the command statement or correct errors. The backspace key allows the cursor to be moved back to the character(s) in error. The command can then be retyped from that point.

Example: ATD5551211 has been typed. To change the last 1 to 2, press the backspace key once, type 2, and press return to execute the command.

Repeating a Command

This command tells the modern to repeat the last command stored in its buffer. It automatically reexecutes the command without retyping. The return key does not need to be pressed.

Example: The ATD5551212 command has been executed, and the phone is busy. To repeat the instruction type AI, but do not use AT before this command as AT would empty the buffer and there would be no command to repeat.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Numbered Commands

Series of commands that start with the same letter are distinguished by a number following the letter.

For example, the M0 command selects speaker always off, M1 speaker on until carrier detected, and M2 selects speaker always on.

In all cases, the zero (0) may be omitted so the commands M and M0 are identical.

For clarity, this manual uses the nonzero form of commands. The modem treats both the same but zeros count against the buffer total.

Group Commands

A group of commands can be typed in a single command statement. Pressing the return key sends the entire command string to the modem, which executes each command individually in the order it appears in the command statement reading from left to right.

For example, the command statement ATQ0V0L3DT5551212 means

- AT Attention.
- Q Allow response messages to be sent.
- V Select digit code responses.
- L3 Select high volume.
- DT Tone dial 555-1212.

The modem executes the AT command followed by the Q, V, L, D, and T commands. ATQ0V0I.3DT5551212 can be read as ATQVL3DT5551212. Eliminating zeros reduces the number of characters, allowing more room in the buffer.

The dial D command initiates the dial process so no other commands, only dial modifiers, can follow it.

COMMANDS RESPONSE

appear as words or numbers. mand or action executed. Response messages can a computer printout to show the result of the comresponse messages. These appear on the monitor or The modem communicates with the operator through

Selection Digit / Word

response messages but words are easier to remember. to show on the monitor. Some software requires digit V tells the modem which type of response message

Command	Operation
٧	Enables digit response messages
4	Enables word response messages*

Displays Response

the response display is inhibited. sages. The modem still responds to commands when The Q command enables or disables response mes-

			····	
Q2	Q1	Q	Command	
Response display on in originate	Response display off	Response display on *	Operation	

*default

Response messages may be sent to the DTE at the Chapter 6 for further information. DTE rate or the current DCE rate. Refer to \$39 in

> Connect Speed Call Progress and

Response Commands, Cont.

Displays

and dialing options such as call progress monitoring, The X command selects connect / message displays busy signal or dial tone detection and blind dialing.

¥	ХЗ	×	×	×	Command
Dial tone and busy signal detection; appropriate CONNECT message or code displayed *	Busy signal detection only; BUSY message or code appears if dialed number is busy	Dial tone detection only; NO DIAL TONE message or code appears if dial tone not detected within 5 sec	Dial tone and busy signal detection not selected; appropriate CONNECT response messages or codes displayed for data rate	Dial tone and busy signal detection not selected; CONNECT (code 1) response messages displayed for all speeds	Operation

default

no dial tone condition. basic response, the modem will not detect a busy or screen regardless of the speed of connection. With a modem returns a CONNECT (code 1) message to the S6, and dial the number. If connection is made the go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register X followed by a dial command causes the modem to

or code to the screen. The modem will not detect a busy or dial tone signal. modem returns an appropriate CONNECT message S6, and dial the number. If connection is made the to go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register X1 followed by a dial command causes the modem

up. The modem will not detect a busy signal in this modem sends a NO DIALTONE message and hangs If a dial tone is not detected within 5 seconds, the to go off hook and wait for a dial tone before dialing. X2 followed by a dial command causes the modem

message similar to X1 will be displayed. The mothe call is completed, the appropriate CONNECT dem will not detect a dial tone signal. the modem sends a BUSY message and hangs up. If S6 and dial the number. If a busy signal is detected, to go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register X3 followed by a dial command causes the modem

message and hangs up. If the call is completed, the busy signal is detected, the modern returns a BUSY go off hook and wait for a dial tone before dialing. If a appropriate CONNECT message similar to X1 will be returns a NO DIALTONE message and hangs up. If a dial tone is not detected within 5 seconds, the modern X4 followed by a dial command causes the modem to

X2, and X3. The factory setting is X4. The X4 command combines all the features of X1,

2 seconds or the time set by S6 and then dials. code is displayed as for XI. When a blind dial an appropriate CONNECT data rate message or command (X, XI, X3) is in effect, the modem waits Note: When an X2, X3, or X4 command is in effect,

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Response Commands, Cont.

RC Application Number Code

used number code sets. ent number codes to indicate the data rate of the serial port. This option selects either of two commonly Some communications software packages use differ

Command	Code Set	Number	Operation
ĤC	Standard	15	4800 bps
		18	9600 bps
RC1	Alternate	11	4800 bps
		12	9600 bps
default in *DC			

acjamii is "KC

command and do not indicate foomotes. Note: Asterisks in AT commands are part of the

Response Messages Number Codes /

sponding meanings are listed in Table 5-1. CONrate; if 1, the message is sent at the DCE rate. set to 0, the CONNECT message is sent at the DTE NECT messages may be selected for output to the Response number codes, messages, and their corre-DTE at the DTE or DCE rate. If register S39 bit 5 is

Response Commands, Cont.

Table 5-1
Response Messages

	fear	Verbouse Messages
Code	Message	Meaning
0	OK	Command received
	CONNECT	Connect at 300 bps while X1, X2, X3, or X4 command in effect; all rates while X command in effect
2	RING	Ring detected
ယ	NO CARRIER	Valid carrier is not detected after call attempt within period specified by register S7, or carrier lost for value of S10 or more
4	ERROR	Command not recognized or too long
رن د	CONNECT 1200	Connection made at 1200 bps
თ	NO DIAL TONE	No dial tone detected for 5 seconds (X2 or X4 command in effect)
7	BUSY	Dialed number busy (X3 or X4 command in effect)
9	CONNECT 7200	DTE rate 7200 bps
10	CONNECT 2400	DTE rate 2400 bps
11, 15	CONNECT 4800	DTE rate 4800 bps
12, 18	CONNECT 9600	DTE rate 9600 bps
13	CONNECT 12000	DTE rate 12000 bps
14	CONNECT 19200	DTE rate 19200 bps
16	CONNECT 38400	DTE rate 38400 bps
17	CONNECT 14400	DTE rate 14400 bps
19	CONNECT 57600	DTE rate 57600 bps
20	CONNECT 0300/REL	MNP 300 bps connection
22	CONNECT 1200/REL	MNP 1200 bps connection
23	CONNECT 2400/REL	MNP 2400 bps connection
24	CONNECT 4800/REL	MNP 4800 bps connection
25	CONNECT 9600/REL	MNP 9600 bps connection
26	CONNECT 19200/REL	MNP 19200 bps connection

Asynchronous Operating Commands

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Response Commands, Cont.

Table 5-1, Cont.
Response Messages

		0.00
Code	Message	When Displayed
27	CONNECT 38400/REL	MNP 38400 bps connection
28	CONNECT 7200/REL	MNP 7200 bps connection
29	CONNECT 12000/REL	MNP 12000 bps connection
30	CONNECT 14400/REL	MNP 14400 bps connection
31	CONNECT 57600/REL,	MNP 57600 bps connection
36	CONNECT 1200/LAPM	LAPM 1200 bps connection
37	CONNECT 2400/LAPM	LAPM 2400 bps connection
38	CONNECT 4800/LAPM	LAPM 4800 bps connection
39	CONNECT 9600/LAPM	LAPM 9600 bps connection
40	CONNECT 14400/LAPM	LAPM 14400 bps connection
41	CONNECT 19200/LAPM	CONNECT 19200/LAPM LAPM 19200 bps connection
42	CONNECT 38400/LAPM	CONNECT 38400/LAPM LAPM 38400 bps connection
43	CONNECT 12000/LAPM	LAPM 12000 bps connection
44	CONNECT 7200/LAPM	LAPM 7200 bps connection
45	CONNECT 57600/LAPM	LAPM 57600 bps connection
:		

Note: Connect rates indicate DTE speed.

DIAL COMMANDS Dial commands let the modern originate a call to either tone or pulse dial telephone systems. Commands for call answering are included at the end of another modem. These commands can be used with this section.

Dialing

Dial a number, for example 555-1212

Enter AT D 555-1212

the originate modem. whichever is currently in effect, and takes the role of The modem dials the number, either pulse or tone,

easier to read and enter. For example, these are all tion except dial modifiers to make the command line Use spaces, hyphens, parentheses, or other punctuatreated the same:

AT D 1-800-555-1212 ATD18005551212 AT D 1 (800) 555-1212

The dial modifiers are shown in Table 5-2.

Dial Modifiers Table 5-2

Command	Operation
1	Tone dialing*
þ	Pulse dialing
•	Insert a long pause (2 sec or value in S8)
W	Wait for 2nd dial tone
ı	Flash (1/2 sec)
Я	Switch to answer mode after dialing
0	Wait for silence
•	Return to command mode after dialing
S	Dial stored command line or number

default

Tone Dialing

Dial Commands, Cont.

dial command. To tone dial a number sequence, insert a T in the

AT D T 323-1111

changed. The dialing method selected remains in effect until

Pulse Dialing dial command To pulse dial a number sequence, insert a P in the

Insert Long Pause To insert a long pause in the dialing sequence, use a AT D P 555-9902

AT D P 9, 1-800-555-1000

in register S8).

comma. This inserts a 2 second delay (or the value

inserted consecutively if desired. dials the phone number. Comma pauses may be telephone system to switch to an outside line, then Here the modem pulse dials a 9, pauses for the

Dial Tone Wait for Second

dialing sequence. To wait for a second dial tone insert a W in the

AT D 9 W 323-8000

wait up to 30 seconds (time specified by S7) for a Instead of using a comma pause for an outside line, second dial tone.

Hook Flash

To flash the switchboard, enter an exclamation mark

AT D T 9W 323-8000 ,!,, #7 377

for transferring a call or similar use. This inserts a .5 second on hook condition, usually

#7 to transfer the call to extension 377. flashes to start the transfer, pauses twice, then uses the second dial tone, dials the phone number, pauses, In this example, the modem tone dials a 9, waits for

after Dialing Switching to **Answer Mode**

> the end of the dial sequence. To switch to answer mode after dialing, use an R at

AT D 555-2345 R

Use this command suffix to call an originate-only

Command Mode Remaining in

semicolon at the end of the dial string. To remain in command mode after dialing, place a

AT D 234-5678;

answers the call. but will not attempt to train when the remote service The modem will dial the telephone number entered

tones may be entered with the following: This is used to retain control so that further dialing

AT DTn; (n=additional tones to be sent)

tone) after accessing an electronic service, use the @ To wait for 5 seconds of silence (no answer back

Silence Seconds of Wait for 5

AT D 399-4700 @ 2251;

after the connection waits for 5 seconds. The modem mode for further input. then sends service code 225 l and returns to command In this example the modem dials the number and,

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Dial Commands, Cont.

For example, you might enter a dollar amount for a banking transaction by entering

AT D 1400;

command mode for further entries, according to the requirements of the banking service. This sends the sequence 1400 and then returns to the

Telephone Command Line Dialing a Stored

ATDSn where n represents a stored telephone number location between 1 and 9. To dial one of the previously stored numbers, enter

AT D S9

In this example the number stored in location 9 is dialed

Note: ATDS and ATDS1 are the same.

*AUn Location Autodial Number

AT*AUn - Selects stored number n (n=1 to 9) to be used for any autodial application. autodialed. This is the autodial number, which is

Voice Calls

telephone. To use the dial command for the call To make a voice call, dial the number with the

AT D (number);

The ; recalls the command mode and prevents the swered by the telset for the voice call to be successful. modems from training. The remote site must be an-

Switching from Voice to Data

dems at both ends in DATA mode by pressing the TALK / DATA button. After voice communication is complete, place the mo-

ANSWERING A

There are three ways to answer a call for data connection

- Manual
- AT command
- Autoanswer

The most common is autoanswer.

AT Command

Manual Answer

DATA button. When the phone rings, answer by pressing the TALKI

Answer

commands the modem to go to the answer mode and mode by entering ATA when the phone rings. This The modem can be made to go off hook in the answer

Autoanswer S0

between 1 and 255 for autoanswer. before autoanswering. S0 can be loaded with a value mines how many rings the modem must receive Autoanswer is controlled by register S0. S0 deter-

S0 to that decimal value. Entering ATS0=0 disables the autoanswer feature. Decide which ring the modem is to answer on and set

answers on the selected ring and connects with the calling modem. When S0 is one or greater, the modem automatically

work the DTR signal must be on for autoanswer to Note: If the modem is set to respond to DTR,

Asynchronous Operating Commands

COMMANDS INTERFACE TERMINAL

exchanged on the interface connections. Refer to Table modem and the terminal in response to the signals being Terminal interface commands control the action of the The EIA-232 interface connects the modern and DTE.

ç Ç **Data Carrier** Detect

if so, select &C. DCD on in order to communicate with the modem; AT&C1. Some terminals and other devices require When using DCD to indicate a valid carrier, enter

 Command	Operation
 င်	DCD always on
 &C1	DCD is on when the modern recognizes remote modern carrier or, if enabled, when protocol negotiation is complete
 &C2	DCD on except for 5 seconds after disconnect
 &C3	DCD follows RTS on remote modem. (Simulated switched carrier

^{*}default

chronous or direct mode must be in effect for simulated switched carrier operation. AT&C3 must be enabled on both modems and syn-

Data Set Ready

devices to communicate with the modem. operation. DSR must be on for some terminals and by the modem to indicate that the modem is ready for These commands control the DSR signal generated

Command	Operation
&S	DSR always on*
&S1	DSR on when off hook in data mode
&S2	DSR off for 5 seconds after disconnect then returns to on
&S3	DSR follows off hook (OH) signal

*default

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Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

Ready ° **Data Terminal**

In data mode DTR may be used for modem control.

	&D3	&D2	&D1	&D	Command
and resets the modem to a stored configuration when DTR goes from on to off In dial line mode the modem disconnects; in leased line, the modem retrains.	Disconnects, recalls command mode	Disconnects when DTR goes from on to off; disables autoanswer white DTR is off	The modem goes to command mode from data mode when DTR goes from on to off.	The modem ignores DTR.*	Operation

*default

after an off-to-on transition of DTR. selecting DTR active will cause an autodial Note: If DTR controls dialer is selected, then

(Pin 22) Indicator Serial Port Ring

> on pin 22 of the EIA-232 DTE connector. \R determines how the ring indicate signal operates

*default

Clear to Send Request to Send / Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

When the modem is operating in nonbuffered mode goes high when carrier is detected. AT&R9 forces in S26. AT&R1 forces CTS high and the modem ables the RTS to CTS delay determined by the value CTS to follow the state of RTS without delay. ignores RTS (default). With AT&R2 selected CTS (direct mode) or in synchronous mode, AT&R en-

œ Z

Command	Operation
&R	Enables RTS to CTS delay
&R1	CTS forced on
&R2	CTS follows DCD
&R9	CTS equals RTS

aefault

mode or with error control enabled. Note: RTS/CTS delay is not valid in buffered

and &Cl are the only valid carrier detect opthe only valid method of flow control and &C Note: With AT&R2 selected, XON/XOFF is

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Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

DTE Controlled Fallback Rate (Pin 23) *FB

Pin 23 of the EIA-232 DTE connector provides a signal input to the modem for DTE fallback. If the modem is not using DTE fallback, set this option to ignore pin 23. To cause the modem to act on high / low levels of pin 23, enable this option. Negative level forces a higher rate for primary data rate; positive forces a lower rate providing a fallback rate.

*FB1	*FB	Command
Transition on pin 23 changes speed	Ignore pin 23*	Operation

^{*}default

TEST COMMANDS

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Diagnostic tests are used to isolate faults in the com-

Diagnostic tests are used to isolate faults in the communications path. Diagnostic tests will terminate after the period of time specified by S18. If S18 is set to 0, the timer is disabled and tests will run continuously. Tests may also be terminated by the AT&T command. When in test modes without test pattern, issue the escape sequence +++ to return to command mode before terminating the test with the AT&T command. Refer to Appendix C for test procedures.

Command	Operation
&T	Terminate any test
&T1	Initiate local analog loopback test
&T2	Initiate remote analog loopback test
&T3	Initiate local digital loopback test
&T4	Grant remote requested digital loopback.*
&T5	Deny remote requested digital toopback
&T6	Initiate remote digital toopback test
&17	Initiate remote digital loopback with test pattern
&ТВ	Initiate local analog loopback test with test pattern
&T9	Initiate remote analog loopback with test pattern
%Т	Transmit test pattern

^{*}default

Note: Local analog loopback with or without test pattern is the only test available in error control mode.

Test Commands, Cont.

Enable / Disable **Bliateral Test**

Enable or disable bilateral test functions.

Š

*DG Bilatera	*AN Bilatera *AN1 Bilatera	Command
Bilateral digital loop disabled* Bilateral digital loop enabled	Bilateral analog loop disabled* Bilateral analog loop enabled	Operation

(Pin 21) Remote Digital DTE Controlled Loopback

pin 21 and the modern returns to online data mode mote digital loopback when it detects an off-to-on enter AT*RD1. Enabled, the modern goes into re-To disable this function enter AT*RD. Test ends when it detects an on-to-off transition of transition of pin 21 while in the online data mode. To enable DTE controlled remote digital loopback,

ľ		ဂ္ဂ
	·RD	Command
	Ignore pin 21*	Operation

*default

Local Analog DTE Controlled (Pin 18) Loopback

analog loopback when it detects an off-to-on transienter AT*LA1. Enabled, the modem goes into local transition of pin 18. To disable, enter AT*LA. tion of pin 18. Test ends when it detects an on-to-off To enable DTE controlled local analog loopback test,

Command	
Ignore pin 18*	

*default

Asynchronous Operating Commands

COMMANDS GENERAL

that in most cases apply to any mode of operation. These commands control various standard options

Data Mode to Command Mode Changing from

\$12 (1 second is the default) before and after the default). Pause for the length of time set by register command. +++ to ensure the modem recognizes the escape press the escape character three times (+ is the To exit data mode and go to online command mode,

sions and allows command mode operations without code. Return to data mode by entering ATO. dem responds with OK when it detects the escape disturbing the telephone line connection. The mo-This sequence temporarily suspends data transmis-

Note: The AT command set must be enabled.

Echo Local Character

shows AT character echo is correct. Proceed with other commands as desired. Type AT without a carriage return. If the screen

mand to correct the double characters or disable the If the screen shows AATT enter the ATE comlocal echo on the terminal.

the echo on or enable local echo on the terminal If the screen shows no characters, type ATE1 to turn

E1	E	Command
Echo on*	Echo off	Operation

General Commands, Cont.

Online State Character Echo

In some lower speed modems the ATF command determines if characters are echoed to the DTE from the modem when online. This function is generally controlled by the communications software. The modem does not support online character echo.

Hanging Up

To end a call, enter ATH. This tells the modem to disconnect and go on hook. The modem must be in online command mode to use this command.

EPROM Check

PC software packages may issue the ATI command to verify the modern will support all commands needed by the software package. The model returns ASCII characters representing the model and revision level. To request the CRC to be calculated on the EPROM, enter ATII. The modern returns four ASCII characters representing the CRC in hexadecimal form. Enter ATI3 to request the product version.

Command	Operation
_	Request product code
=	Request EPROM CRC value
ಪ	Request product version

Speaker Volume

ATL commands offer three volume levels.

Command	Operation
나나	Speaker volume low
2	Speaker volume medium*
LЗ	Speaker volume high

dejaun

Asynchronous Operating Commands

General Commands, Cont.

Speaker Control M

ATM commands enable or disable the speaker for monitoring purposes.

Command	Operation
×	Disables the speaker
M1	Disables the speaker while receiving a carrier signal*
M2	Speaker always on
M3	Disables the speaker while dialing and after a carrier is detected

*default

Return Online O

Use the O command when operating in the online command mode and need to return to data mode. It returns the modem to the same mode (originate or answer) that it was in before escaping to the (online) command mode.

Long Space Disconnect Y

One method of disconnecting two modems is called long space disconnect. When any disconnect condition is detected by the local modem, it will send 4 seconds of data space condition to the remote modem before disconnecting. This signals the remote modem to disconnect. The local modem will disconnect if it receives 1.6 or more seconds of data space condition from a remote modem. If break sequences of 1.6 or more seconds are to be sent, enter ATY to disable this feature and prevent unintentional disconnects.

Note: This option must be disabled if SDLC NRZI data is used.

	Υ	Command	
Long space disconnect on*	Long space disconnect off	Operation	

defauit

က **Guard Tones**

priate guard tone. required where operating the unit, select the appro-Guard tones are not used in the United States. If

1800 Hz guard tone	&G2
550 Hz guard tone	&G1
No guard tone*	8.6
Operation	Command

*default

Dial / Leased Line &L

&L selects line operation as required

Leased (Dilyale) Z-Wile	ב כ
ا معمد المشاهدة المعمد	•
Diai (Switched)	Q.F.
Dial (authorate	10
Operation	Command
_	

*default

Synchronous **Mode Selection** Asynchronous /

> chronous operation and synchronous dial method. The AT&M commands select synchronous or asyn-

AT&M selects asynchronous data and dial mode.

chronous after connecting with the remote modem AT&M1 selects synchronous data mode 1. Calls are placed asynchronously. Operation switches to syn-

Asynchronous Operating Commands

General Commands, Cont.

detects a DTR off-to-on transition. The appropriate dem automatically dials a stored number when it DTR option must be selected. AT&M2 selects synchronous data mode 2. The mo-

placed manually. AT&M3 selects synchronous data mode 3. Calls are

AT&M4 selects synchronous data mode 4 with V.25 bis autodialer set for Bisync protocol.

AT&M5 selects synchronous data mode 5 with V.25 bis autodialer set for SDLC protocol.

data format if using SDLC. Use register S30 to select NRZ/NRZI for protocol

Command	Operation
M.S	Asynchronous mode*
&M1	Sync mode 1
&M2	Sync mode 2
&M3	Sync mode 3
&M4	Sync mode 4 with V.25 bis Bisync
&M5	Sync mode 5 with V.25 bis SDLC

*default

the V.25 bis dialer is enabled. be available to communicate with the modern if Caution: Synchronous terminal equipment must

General Commands, Cont.

Puise Ratio Make / Break Dial

Using AT&P, the dial pulse is on for 39% and off is on for 33% and off for 67% of one cycle. for 61% of one cycle. Using AT&P1, the dial pulse

&P1	&P	Command
33% : 67%	39% : 61% US and Canada*	Operation

^{*}acfault

Source Synchronous Transmit Clock

receive clock as the transmit clock source. The AT&X commands select internal, external, or

Command	Operation
&X	Internal clock*
&X1	External clock
&X2	Receive clock

^{*}default

DCE Speed

speed, enter AT%Bn (n=1 to 9). modern to transmit data at a speed different from DTE speed setting of the two moderns. To allow the will not connect at a speed faster than the lower DCE DTE speed. When originating a call the two moderns AT%B sets the originating DCE speed to follow the

Asynchronous Operating Commands

General Commands, Cont.

2	Operation
&B	Use DTE speed
&B1	300 bps
&B2	1200 bps
&B3	2400 bps
&B4	4800 bps
&B5	9600 bps
886	9600 trellis
&B7	7200 trellis
88&	12000 trellis
889	14400 trellis*

aefauli

8 Delay **Disconnect Buffer**

Sets a delay during which the modem processes data modem disconnects immediately. buffers. When the buffers are empty or if n=0, the nect, the modem tries for n seconds to empty its ing. When a condition exists which causes a disconin its transmit and receive buffers before disconnect-

%Dn D	%D D	Command
Disconnect buffer delay value (seconds)	Disconnect buffer delay disabled*	Operation

default

Auto Retrain

out redialing. The modem always responds to a train in response to poor received signal quality withretrain request from the remote modem. This option allows the modem to automatically re-

%E1	%E	Command
Enable auto retrain *	Disable auto retrain	Operation

^{*}default

1.29

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5-28

General Commands, Cont.

Auto Rate Renegotiation %R

If auto rate renegotiation is enabled, the modem automatically decreases DCE rate if signal quality deteriorates beyond the allowable bit error rate. If signal quality improves, the modem increases DCE speed.

Command	Operation
%A	Disable auto rate renegotiation*
%R1	Enable auto fate renegotiation using low BER; 1 in 10 ⁵
%R2	Enable auto rate renegotiation using medium BER: 1 in 10
%R3	Enable auto rate renegotiation using high BER: 1 in 10 ³

^{*}default

Product Revision Level

%

%V displays the product revision level.

Product Serial Number

\$V displays the product serial number.

Permissive / Programmable %Z

For dial-up operation the modem transmitter output can be set in two different modes of operation. In permissive (RJ11 jack), transmit output level is set to -10 dBm. In programmable (RJ45 jack) operation, the transmit level is set by an external program resistor.

	,	
%Z1	%Z	Command
RJ45 (programmable)	RJ11 (permissive)*	Operation

default

Asynchronous Operating Commands

General Commands, Cont.

Note: Asterisks in AT commands are part of the command and do not indicate footnotes.

Dial Backup *DB

*DB determines whether the dial backup mode is manual or automatic.

DB1	•DB	Command
Automatic dial backup operation	Manual dial backup operation*	Operation

,

*default

V.32 Fast Train
*FT

The V.32 fast train option is used to reduce training time when operating over high quality, limited distance dial or 2-wire leased lines.

113.	i	Command
Enable fast train	Disable fast train*	Operation

*default

Return to Leased Line from Dial Backup *LB

During dial backup operation, *LB causes the modem to return to leased line operation. If dial backup operation is set for manual the dial line connection is dropped immediately when returning to leased line from dial backup.

General Commands, Cont.

Line Current Disconnect *I C

Dial line operation only. The modem can be configured to disconnect upon loss or interruption of telephone line current.

Command	Operation
	Line current disconnect off
.[C1	Line current disconnect short (8 ms)
LC2	Line current disconnect long (90 ms)

*default

Manual Dial Backup *LD

Leased line operation only. *LD dials the autodial number if the modem is in originate mode with manual dial backup selected.

Disable AT Command Set *NT

AT*NT disables the AT command set.

AT*NT1 allows a modem to enable AT command operation of another modem via remote configuration.

Command	Operation
TN.	Disable AT command set
.NT1	Enable AT command set at remote site*

aefault

To enable AT commands locally, scroll through the LCD menu to the CHANGE DTE OPTIONS? submenu. Scroll to AT COMMAND SET ENABLE / DISABLE.

On L models, press the TALK/DATA button for 5 seconds. The TD LED flashes indicating that the AT command set has been enabled.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

General Commands, Cont.

Answer / Originate *OR

*OR forces the modem to answer or originate mode. This option is used during 2- and 4-wire leased line operation with error correction and / or dial backup.

Command	Operation
OR	Force originate*
OR1	Force answer

*default

Leased Line Transmit Level *TLn

default is 0 dBm

Dial Line Transmit Level *TDn

Command	Operation
*TDn	Sets dial line TX level to n where n is
	a number 9 to 21 corresponding to a
	TX level of -9 to -21 dBm

default is -10 dBm

CONFIGURATION COMMANDS

These commands recall various profiles for insertion into the active profile, store the active profile and telephone numbers in nonvolatile memory, and designate the powerup profile. Remote configuration is discussed at the end of this section.

Storing a Configuration &W

The &W commands store the current configuration options in one of two nonvolatile memory locations (Figure 5-1). The stored configurations are retained in memory even when power is off, or until &W is issued with a new configuration.

Command	Operation
W.S	Store options to user option set 1
8W1	Store options to user option set 2

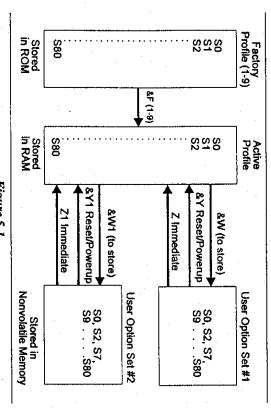


Figure 5-1
Configuration Storage and Recall

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Configuration Commands, Cont.

AutoConfigure Commands

The AutoConfigure feature is controlled by either the &F, &Y, or Z command. AutoConfigure loads an entire preselected group of options with a single command.

Powerup Option Set

The &Y command determines which user option set is loaded during powerup and reset.

Command	Operation
Α%	Powerup with user option set 1
&Y1	Powerup with user option set 2
&Y?	Displays currently selected powerup option set

Load Factory Options &F

The AT&Fn command loads one the existing factory option sets. Refer to Appendix D for a complete list of the options in each set.

&F9	&F8	&F7	&F6	&F5	&F4	&F3	&F2	&F, &F1	Command
Load factory option 9 (sync V.25 bls dialer)	Load factory option 8 (sync 2-wire leased line forced answer)	Load factory option 7 (sync 2-wire leased line normal originate)	Load factory option 6 (async 4-wire teased line without V.42 bis)	Load factory option 5 (async 4-wire leased line with V.42 bis)	Load factory option 4 (sync 4-wire leased line without V.42 bis)	Load factory option 3 (sync dial-up without V.42 bis)	Load factory option 2 (async dial-up without V.42 bis)	Load factory option 1 (async dial-up with V.42 bis)*	Operation

*default

Configuration Commands, Cont.

Configuration Reset to Stored

proven configuration is established. configuration. This command saves time once a load either user option set 1 or 2 as the current The Z commands reset the modem and immediately

Command	Operation
Z	Resets the modern and immediately loads user option set 1
Z1	Resets the modern and immediately loads user option set 2

Signal Options

Profiles / Received profile in the form of S-register values. &V1 displays View Configuration &V allows the user to view the current configuration the received signal parameters or characteristics.

Command	Operation
٧٤	Displays configuration profiles
&V1	Display received signal characteristics

CN, x Command Line Telephone Storing a

stored information. Modem power can be turned off without affecting ber is retained until replaced by another number. be used for another number. The stored phone numspaces remaining in the overflowed location cannot characters can overflow into the next location. Any characters each are available in nonvolatile memory. modated. However, a phone number longer than 31 Normally, one phone number per location is accom-Nine stored phone number locations of up to 31

Two commands can store phone numbers:

- AT&Z inserts a phone number in location one only.
- AT*CN inserts a phone number in locations one through nine.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Configuration Commands, Cont.

To store a telephone command line in location one

AT&Z

and modifiers. followed by the desired command sequence of digits

AT&Z 555-1212

In this example the command sequence to dial the indicated number is stored at location 1 for later

•				
ţ	Ħ	3	:	
t	m	ie.	•	
ŀ	S		_	
t	20	Yel		
ľ	ď	Iħ.	-	
t	0	7		
ı	mand should follow the &Z.	Note: Neither the A1 prefix nor the D com-	•	
l	7	A	5	
1	ĩ	ā	,	
l	8	Ē		
l	ì.	8	•	
l		0		
į		=	_	
ŀ		6		
l		C	,	
l		CO		
		ž		
L.		_		

modifiers, at location 1 (up to 31 digits). AT&Zn - Stores telephone number n, including dial

dial modifiers, at location x (x=1 to 9). AT*CNx,n - Stores telephone number n, including

AT*CNx, - Clears telephone number location x

AT*ND - Displays the stored numbers (1-9).

Retaining / Restoring Options

This option is used when the modern is shared by two or more DTEs.

When options are retained, the current configuration is not altered at disconnect. With options restored, the modern returns to the previously stored configuration on disconnect.

When options are restored at disconnect, the following commands return OK but are not executed:

AT*CN Store telephone number
AT&Z Store telephone number
AT&F Recall factory configuration
AT&W Store current configuration

Restore options at disconnect	.RO1
Retain options at disconnect*	OH.
Operation	Command

default

REMOTE CONFIGURATION

Remote Security
Code
%P=D

A security code prevents unauthorized access to remote configuration mode. This code is separate from DTE security passwords, which are discussed under Security in the next section. The security code is user programmable and can be set to any value from a single 0 to any combination up to 9999999 using the AT%P=<desired code> command.

Example: If the remote modem security code is 12345, then the local modem must include this code in the initialization string before the remote modem responds.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Configuration Commands, Cont.

%P= <blank> C</blank>	%P=D A P di	%P7	%P= S	Command
%P= <blank> Clears security code*</blank>	Access for remote configuration is not possible when security code is disabled	Request local security code to be displayed	Sets security code to a value 0 to 99999999 entered after the equal sign	Operation

default

The %P=D command disables remote configuration. To enable remote configuration, insert another security code.

Entering Remote Configuration

This mode of operation allows the modem user to view or modify the option set of a compatible remote modem. Entering AT%T= (security code of remote) initiates remote configuration.

The modern is shipped from the factory with security code *<blank>*. This allows initiate remote configuration by using *<blank>* as the security code.

Command	Operation
%T=	This command followed by the correct security code establishes remote configuration
&T	Exits remote configuration

SECURITY
The following AT commands operate security.

COMMANDS
Refer to Chapter 4 for information on operating with security.

Set Password

Entering AT\$S=x sets an empty password location
to x. This command only applies when no password
or only one is stored in memory. It can not be used
to change a password.

Changing a

AT\$C=x, y changes either password where x represents the old password and y is the new one.

Password rity is automatically disabled if the last password sC=x,- deleted.

Security

This command resets security to its initial state (off Reset with no passwords stored). The option is not available able in remote configuration.

Disabling
Security
Security
Word.

\$D=x

Security
Word.

\$AT\$D? or AT\$E? displays the current status of security (on or off).

\$D?
\$E?

Enabling

AT\$E=x enables security where x is either passSecurity

word.

x and y indicate passwords

Asynchronous Operating Commands

PROTOCOL

These commands enable or control the various data compression, flow control, and error correction options of the modern. Table 5-3 illustrates mode and condition availabilities.

Table 5-3
Operating Modes and Features Available

Correction Compression Disabled Not applicable Disabled On or off Enabled On or off	Operating	Error	Total.	1	
Disabled Not applicable Disabled Not applicable Enabled On or off Enabled On or off	моде	Correction	Compression	Control	
Disabled Not applicable Enabled On or off Enabled On or off	Normal	Disabled	Not applicable	Allowed	Buffered
Enabled On or off Enabled On or off	7	1		~	_
Enabled On or off Enabled On or off	Direct		Not applicable	Not applicable	Not
Enabled On or off	Reliable	Tooklod.	>		
Enabled On or off	(MNP and	Chabled	On or off	Allowed	Buffered
Enabled On or off	LAPM)				
Cit Qi Qi	Auto-reli-	Fnabled	05.22.2#		
(MNP and LAPM)	able			Allowed	_
LAPM)	(MNP and				
	LAPM)				

Serial Port (DTE) bps Adjust

The ATV command allows DCE and DTE to operate at different speeds. The ATV1 command forces serial port (DTE) speed to follow data link speed in any mode.

If the modem is in direct mode (VI) and a DCE link is established at a speed other than that of the original DTE autobaud speed, the modem will issue the CON-NECT message for the new DTE speed at the original rate. All subsequent data will be sent to the DTE at the new DCE speed.

Disable slaved DTE/DCE (constant speed DTE on)*	Command Operation	
TE/DCE (constant	eration	

default

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Detection Phase V.42 Optional

remote modem. negotiation time if V.42 LAPM is supported by the This is a data sequence that speeds up the LAPM link

Enable V.42 fast detect phase*	ž
Disable V.42 fast detect phase	M
Operation	Command

'default

Operating Mode \N

to Chapter 8 for descriptions. auto-reliable modes allow protocol fallback. Refer eration is referred to as reliable mode, and the sequent connections. LAPM or MNP protocol opcurrent connection but will be acted on for subduring online command mode will not affect the Sets the error control mode that the modem uses while in data mode. An ATNn command issued

Command	Operation
Ź	Normal mode - no error control; data buffered
N/	Direct mode - no error control; data not buffered
\N2	MNP only - try MNP; disconnect if not successful
\N3	MNP or normal - try MNP; fallback to normal async
\N4	LAPM only - try LAPM; disconnect if not successful
 \N5	LAPM or normal - try LAPM; fallback to normal
 \N6	LAPM or MNP - try both protocols; disconnects if not successful
 \N7	LAPM, MNP, or normal - try both protocols; failback to normal if not successful*

*default

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Protocol Commands, Cont.

%An Auto-Reliable

Fallback Character auto-reliable fallback character by the answering mothe character to the serial port. fallback character from the calling modem and passes to normal mode when receiving the auto-reliable mode, the answering modem switches from reliable dem. During negotiation of protocol in auto-reliable Selects the ASCII character to be recognized as the

ter(n=1-127 decimal representing an ASCII character). Enter AT%An to set the auto-reliable fallback charac-

The default of 0 disables auto-reliable fallback character

%A	Command
Sets ASCII character to be recognized as the auto-reliable fallback character	Operation

mode (ATN3, W5, W7). Note: The modem must be set for auto-reliable

Codes **Protocol Result**

Enable or disable protocol result codes. Table 5-1 lists these.

W1 Ena	\V Disa	Command
Enable protocol result codes	Disable protocol result codes*	Operation

*default

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Serial Port Flow Control \Q

Q Sets the type of flow control used by the serial port. If the serial port speed exceeds that of the modem connection, characters may be sent by the DTE to the modem faster than it can send them to the remote modem. The modem holds characters in an internal buffer until they can be transmitted. When this buffer is full the modem uses flow control to stop data from DTE. As the modem continues to transmit data and the buffer empties, flow control is again used to cause the DTE to resume sending data.

AT\Q --\Q3 affect both DTE and DCE flow control.

AT\Q4 --\Q7 affect only flow control by the DCE.

AT\Q disables flow control.

When ATNQI is set, the modern generates and accepts XON/XOFF characters to start and stop the data flow. These characters have the same parity as the DTE setup taken from the last AT command.

AT\Q2 allows use of CTS off to stop the data from the DTE and CTS on to restart it.

AT\Q3 forces the modem to act on CTS like \Q2. In addition RTS on / off is used to facilitate starting and stopping data from the modem to the DTE.

AT\Q4 disables flow control from the DCE.

AT\Q5 enables XON/XOFF flow control from the DCE only.

AT\Q6 and \Q7 force the modem to use CTS like \Q2 does but do not affect flow control by the DTE.

Command ğ ğ ୍ଦର Ŕ ହ ō ã Enable CTS flow control to the DTE Enable CTS flow control to the DTE Enable DCE XON/XOFF flow control* Disable DCE flow control Enable bilateral CTS/RTS flow control Enable CTS flow control to the DTE Enable DTE XON/XOFF flow control* Disable DTE flow control Operation

default

XON/XOFF Pass Through

This option is active when flow control of the modem by the DTE has been selected for XON/XOFF and the connect mode is reliable or normal. It enables or disables the sending of local flow control characters (XON/XOFF) to the remote modem as well as being acted on in the local modem. In reliable mode the modem treats incoming XON/XOFF characters from the remote modem as data characters. In normal mode the modem will look at the \G command and act accordingly.

Caution: With XI in effect local flow control characters will be sent to the remote system. These characters may turn on the data flow from the remote system before the modern is ready to receive more data, possibly resulting in data loss.

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Command	Operation
×	Process but do not pass XON/XOFF characters to remote DCE*
×	Process and pass XON/XOFF characters to remote DCF

*default

Control **Data Link Flow**

mand is ignored during a reliable connection. transmission from the remote modern. This comthe modem uses XON/XOFF to start / stop data during a normal connection. When AT\G1 is set, sent from the remote modem to the local modem Enables or disables flow control used to pace data

Command	Operation
ō	Disable data link flow control*
<u></u> 61	Enable data link flow control

^{*}default

Break Control

by the modem when a break is encountered. Use ATNKn (n=0.5) to indicate the action taken

	Command	Operation
	×	Break option 0
'	Κı	Break option 1
·	\K2	Break option 2
	VKЗ	Break option 3
	\K4	Break option 4
	K 5	Break option 5*

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Protocol Commands, Cont.

options. plained below with descriptions of the modem's response under the different \K command break Conditions under which breaks may occur are ex-

in connect state during a reliable or normal connec-A break is sent to the serial port while the modem is

W5	\K3	₩1	VK, VK2, VK4	Command
Send break to the remote modem in sequence with any data received from the serial port	immediately send break to the remote modem	Empty the data buffers and send break to the remote modem	Enter command mode but do not send break to the remote modem	Operation

in connect state during a direct connection. A break is sent to the serial port while the modem is

VK1, VK3, VK5 Immediately send a break to the remote modern	W1, W3, W5
immediately send a break to the remote mode and enter command state when break is through	IK, IK2, IK4
Operation	Command

Protocol Commands, Cont.

the modern is in connect state during a normal con-A break is received from the remote modem while

Command	Operation
\K, \K1	Empty the data buffers and send break to the serial port
\K2, \K3	Immediately send break to the serial port
\K4, \K5	Send a break to the serial port in sequence with any data received from remote modem

dem is in command state during a reliable or normal A transmit break command is issued while the mo-

Command	Operation
\K, \K1	Empty the data buffers and send break to the remote modem
\K2,\K3	immediately send break to the remote modem
\K4, \K5	Send a break to the remote modem in sequence with any data received from the serial port

Inactivity Timer

during a reliable connection. set to 0, the timer is disabled. The timer is active only stay online in a reliable mode without transmitting or VT specifies the number of minutes the modem will receiving data before hanging up. When the value is

۱Tn	ΊT	Command
Set inactivity to n (n-1-90) minutes	Disable inactivity timer*	Operation

*default

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Block Size

Maximum Reliable \A sets the maximum transmit block size for reliable the ATA command. connection. A smaller block size will maximize throughconnections. Use this command to force the modem put when marginal line conditions are causing errors. to transmit smaller blocks when in a reliable link The modem sends a block up to the size specified by

Command	Operation
¥	Maximum transmit block size =64 characters
W1	Maximum transmit block size =128 characters
\A2	Maximum transmit block size =192 characters
VA3	Maximum transmit block size =256 characters*

default

Set Break Length Transmit Break /

signal to the remote modem. In all modes except via AT\Bn where n=1-255 in 20 ms increments. break signal over the link. S79 may be set directly or break sent to the DTE by the modem receiving a direct, S-register 79 determines the length of the AT\B commands the local modem to send a break

Command	Operation
69	Sends a break signal to the remote modern. (Does not modify S79)
\Bn	Sets S79 to length of break desired. n=1-255 in 20 ms increments

default is 35 (700 ms)

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Buffer

Set Auto-Reliable This determines whether or not a modem in reliable not in reliable mode. Refer to Chapter 8 for informamode and is expected to process a call from a modem commands when the modem is in the auto-reliable modems try to establish a reliable link. Use these not in reliable mode during the time in which the mode will buffer data received from a modem that is

tion on reliable mode.

Command	Operation
б	Disables auto reliable data buffer*
\C1	Buffer data for 4 seconds or 200 characters

default

V.42b Data Compression %C

running LAPM protocol. Refer to 8 for explanation. Determines application of data compression while

Command	Operation
%C	Data compression disabled
%C1	Enabled on transmit and receive data*
 %C2	Enabled on transmit data only (enhanced compression)
 %C3	Enabled on receive data only (enchanced compression)

*default

б Originate MNP Link

modem does not respond the modem returns to nortwo link requests (18 seconds) and if the remote command to succeed, the remote modem must have received the AT\U command. The modem sends whether it originated or answered the call. For this return online and initiate an MNP link regardless of The AT\O command forces the local modem to

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Protocol Commands, Cont.

Fink Accept an MNP

succeed, the remote modem must have received the nated or answered the call. For this command to MNP link independent whether the modem origi-AT\O command. Forces the modem to return online and accept an

link" command. for the remote modem to issue the "originate MNP This command causes the modem to wait indefinitely

Normal to MNP Switch from

established in 18 seconds. mode for this command to succeed. The modem will return to a normal connection if an MNP link is not based on which mode, originate / answer, it was in direct mode. The modem will initiate / accept a link attempt an MNP link while connected in normal or for the call. The remote modem must switch to MNP Entering \Y causes the modem to return online and

to Normal Switch from MNP

switch from an MNP connection to a normal connection. This command causes the modem to return online and

forces the modem to the direct mode. Note: If VI and \C are set, the \Z command

at the same time to both modems for the switch Note: The \Z and \Y commands must be issued to occur.

V.3229 / V.3229L