### V.3225/V.3225L Manual

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# Chapter 5 Asynchronous Operating Commands

**GENERAL** 

This chapter describes the asynchronous operating commands used to select options, test, and operate the modem. These commands are based on the AT command set and extensions. Certain options are dependent on or are restricted by the mode of operation. For example, remote DCD is not available in the V.22 bis or Bell 103 modes of operation. Refer to Chapter 7 for V.25 bis synchronous operating commands.

COMMAND The modem offers ei mand statements:

Set Recover later is this chapter.

Note: If AT commands are accidentally disabled, refer to the section called AT Command

The modem offers eight major categories of command statements:

- mand staten
   Response
- Dial
- Terminal Interface
- Test
- General
- Remote Configuration
- Protocol
- S-registers (Chapter 6)

### OPERATION

During asynchronous operation the modem functions in one of three modes:

- Offline Command Mode
- Online Command Mode
- Data Mode

### Offline Command

options, rebuild profiles, store or change telephone entered separately or in strings to change modem is no data communication link established in this numbers, and initiate or receive phone calls. There from the computer or terminal. Commands can be command mode), the modem accepts commands In offline command mode (generally referred to as

### Mode Online Command

it does in the offline command mode. pended. The modem will now accept commands like remains established but data transmission is sus-This mode is entered from the data mode by issuing the escape command. The data communication link

### Data Mode

not accept or execute command instructions. mode, the modem sends and receives data, but will cessfully connects with a compatible modem. In data The modem goes to data mode (online) after it suc-

line and a communication link is established At this time, both modems are using the telephone the command state and goes online in the data mode. When the local modem receives this carrier, it leaves acknowledges the call by sending a carrier signal signal from the remote modem. The remote modem remote modem. The local modem waits to receive a Example: The modem is in the command state. The command and phone number are used to dial a

tion to change a remote modem's command set. own command set altered or use remote configura-In online command mode, the modem can have its

#### THE MODEM **COMMANDS TO** SENDING

section of memory called the command buffer. command, is typed using the computer keyboard called a command statement, command string, or just The command statement temporarily resides in a instruction can be sent to the modem telling it what When the computer, modem, and monitor are on, an function or activity to perform. The instruction,

% signs. Commands must be written in a specific Each command statement is made up of characters, instruction. form so that the modem recognizes and follows the numbers, and such keyboard symbols as the & and

#### Command Statement Creating a

steps: Create a command statement using the following

- Type AT. This is the Attention Code telling the unit a command statement follows.
- Type the command
- Press the return key to "Enter" or send the command statement to the modern.

the dial command (D). Here is an example of a command statement using

### ATD555-1212

Attention: Dial 555-1212. This command statement can be read as:

tion: execute the Z command Another example is: Enter ATZ. This means Atten-

statement from the buffer perform one of the followresponse message indicating whether or not the comthe command statement. To clear each command mand was accepted or giving the data requested by After you enter a command line the modem returns a

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- Turn the modem off.
- Enter AT
- Use the DTR reset feature.

### Autobaud

The attention code (AT) is analyzed by the modem toodetermine the transmission speed, parity, and bits per character used by the DTE. This autobaud process is repeated each time the AT command prefix is sent.

#### Guidelines for Creating Command Statements

When typing command statements, note the following:

- The attention code (AT) may be upper or lower case, but not a combination like aT.
- Return must be pressed to execute (Enter) a command.
- Command statements are limited to 40 characters
- Use the backspace or delete key to crase the last character.

Even though the initial AT code must be all upper or lower case, characters that follow can be any mix of upper and lower case.

### **Monitor Display**

As commands are typed they appear on the monitor so the operator can verify the input. This is called local character echo. The echo may be turned on or off using AT commands. Refer to Local Character Echo in the GENERAL COMMANDS section of this chapter for details.

# Asynchronous Operating Commands

### Command Statement Buffer

The modem temporarily stores up to 40 characters in a buffer memory. If this limit is exceeded, the modem does not accept the command and sends an ERROR message. To correct this condition, retype the command using 40 characters or less. The AT characters and punctuation used in phone numbers do not take up space in the buffer. Also, blank characters used as spaces to help increase readability are not counted. For example, the modem reads the commands

ATD (212) 555-1212 ATD2125551212 ATD 212 555 1212

as having 11 characters each. Type the command in any of these forms.

Note: Phone numbers stored using AT commands are limited to 34 characters.

### Backspace Key

Use the backspace key to change the command statement or correct errors. The backspace key allows the cursor to be moved back to the character(s) in error. The command can then be retyped from that point.

Example: ATD5551211 has been typed. To change the last 1 to 2, press the backspace key once, type 2, and press return to execute the command.

### Repeating a Command A/

This command tells the modem to repeat the last command stored in its buffer. It automatically reexecutes the command without retyping. The return key does not need to be pressed.

Example: The ATD5551212 command has been executed, and the phone is busy. To repeat the instruction type AI, but do not use AT before this

#### Commands Numbered

a command parameter. distinguished by a number following the letter called Series of commands that start with the same letter are

no other commands, only dial modifiers, can follow

The dial D command initiates the dial process so

the D command.

M2 selects speaker always on. always off, M1 speaker on until carrier detected, and For example, the M0 command selects speaker

commands M and M0 are identical. In all cases, the zero (0) may be omitted so the

commands. The modern treats both the same but zeros count against the buffer total. For clarity, this manual uses the nonzero form of

#### Group Commands

command statement. Pressing the return key sends appears in the command statement reading from left executes each command individually in the order it the entire command string to the modem, which A group of commands can be typed in a single

For example, the command statement ATQ0V0L3DT5551212 means

- AT · Attention.
- S Allow response messages to be sent.
- ٧0 Select digit code responses.
- L3 Select high volume.
- DT Tone dial 555-1212.

ATQVL3DT5551212. Eliminating zeros reduces ATQ0V0L3DT5551212 can the Q, V, L, D, and T commands. Command statement The modem executes the AT command followed by be read:



the number of characters in a command statement,

Asynchronous Operating Commands

thereby simplifying typing and allowing more room

in the buffer.























































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#### COMMAND TABLE

Table 5-1 is a listing of the AT commands used by the modem and provides the page number the command is described on.

### Table 5-1 AT Commands

Ш

Control Command	General Description	Page Number
Ą	Repeat last command	5-5
+++	Escape code	5-29
Α	Go off hook in answer mode (answer immediately)	5-21
D	Dial	5-16
п	Local terminal echo	5-29
н	Hang up	5-30
1	EPROM check, product revision level and model	5-30
L	Speaker volume	5-30
M	Speaker ON/OFF control	5-31
0	Return online	5-31
٥	Response control	5-12
S	Read or write to S-register	6-4
٧ .	Form of response messages	5-11
×	Call progress control	5-12
Y	Long space disconnect	5-31
Z	Reset	5-41
&C	DCD control	5-22
&D	DTR response	5-23
8F	Load active profile with factory settings	5-41
86	Guard tones	5-32
82	Line type (telephone)	5-32
&M	Async/sync data and sync dial method	5-32
gg	Pulse dial make/break ratio	5-33
&R	RTS to CTS delay	5-24
&S	DSR control	5-23
&T	Diagnostic tests	5-26

# Table 5-1 AT Commands, continued

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Asynchronous Operating Commands

¥	×	~	٦	17	Ħ	ã	б	Ñ	¥	٤	ର୍ଘ	б	Ю	<b>\</b>	%Z	%ν	%T=	%1	%P	%E	%D	%C	%В	%A	8.2	. &X	8W	٧٤	Control Command
Switch to MNP from normal mode	XON/XOFF flow through mode	Protocol result codes	Accept an MNP link	Inactivity timer	Serial port ring indicate	Serial port flow control	Originate MNP link	Operating mode	Break control	Constant speed interface on/off	Modem port flow control	Auto-reliable buffer	Transmit a break/set break length	MNP block size	Select permissive or programmable mode	Display the modem firmware version	Initiate remote configuration	Transmit test pattern	Remote configuration security code	Automatic retrain	Disconnect buffer delay	Data compression	Modem speed	Auto-reliable fallback character	Store phone number	Synchronous transmit clock source	Store active profile	View configuration profiles/receive signal parameters	General Description
5-54	5-48	5-52	5-54	5-52	5-24	5-47	5-54	5-45	5-50	5-46	5-46	5-53	5-53	5-52	5-36	5-35	5-44	5-44	5-44	5-35	5-35	5-49	5-34	5-49	5-42	5-34	5-39	5-41	Page Number

Ш

WW

	та сопинано, сопиниси	
Control Command	General Description	Page Number
ĸ	Switch to normal from MNP mode	5-55
AA	Controls bilateral test functions	5-27
*AUn	Selects phone number to autodial	5-19
*CNx,n	Store phone number	5-42
.DA	Selects talk or data mode	5-36
ag.	Selects manual or automatic dial backup	5-25
.DG	controls bilateral test functions	5-27
8	DTE fallback control	5-25
į	Enables or disables fast train	5-37
Ļ	DTE controlled local analog loopback	5-28
9J.	Wait for dial backup call (leased line)	5-27
<u>د</u>	Controls line current disconnect	5-27
6	Dial autodial number (leased line)	5-27
Ň	Displays the stored numbers	5-42
, NI	Enables/disables AT command set	5-38
OR	Forces modem to answer or originate mode	5-38
•RC	Number code application	5-14
*RD	DTE controlled remote digital loopback	5-27
, BO	Retain/restore options at disconnect	5-43
• <b>T</b> Ln	Leased line TX level	5-38
\$S = x	Sets an empty password location to x	5-10
\$C = x, y	Changes either password x = old, y = new	4-10
\$C = x, -	Deletes password x from memory	4-10
\$E = x	Enables security where x is either password	4-10
\$E?	Displays the current status of security (on or off)	4-10
\$D = x	Disables security where x is either password	4-10
\$DR	Reset security	4-10
\$D?	Displays the current status of security	4-10
\$V	display product serial number	4-10

The modem communicates with the operator through response messages. These appear on the monitor or a computer printout to show the result of the command or action executed. Response messages can appear as words or as numbers.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

How Response Messages Work

u

When an instruction is executed, the modem sends a message to the monitor showing the results of the instruction.

Selecting Response Form V

V tells the modem which type of response message to show on the monitor. These messages indicate the present state of the modem and can appear as either digit or word messages. Some programming situations require digit response messages but word response messages are preferred because their meanings are easier to remember than digits.

V Enables digit response message  V1 Enables word response message
--

<sup>\*</sup> default

Electing to Use Response Messages

The modem comes ready to send response messages which are recommended to monitor modem operation. You can change this by:

- Using the Q command
- Using the X command
- Using the \V command (Refer to Protocol Command section in this chapter.)

# Response Commands, Cont.

#### Enabled/Disabled Response Displays

The Q command is used to enable or disable response messages. The modem still responds to commands when the response display is inhibited.

Command	Operation
 ۵	Response display on*
 Ω	Response display off
 Q2	Response display on in originate mode
	only

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### Dial Parameter and Connect Speed Displays X

The X command selects response code/message displays and dialing parameters such as call progress monitoring, busy signal or dial tone detection and blind dialing.

Command	Operation
×	Dial tone and busy signal detection not selected. CONNECT (code 1) response messages displayed for all speeds.
×	Dial tone and busy signal detection not selected. Appropriate CONNECT response messages or codes displayed for data rate.
ž.	Dial tone detection only selected. NO DIAL TONE message or code appears if dial tone is not detected within 5 seconds.
ప	Busy signal detection only selected. BUSY message or code appears if dialed number is busy.
*	Dial tone and busy signal detection selected. The appropriate CONNECT message or code displayed.*

<sup>\*</sup> default

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Asynchronous Operating Commands

# Response Commands, Cont.

X followed by a dial command causes the modem to go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register S6, and dial the number. If connection is made the modem returns a CONNECT (code 1) message to the screen regardless of the speed of connection. With a basic response, the modem will not detect a busy or no dial tone condition.

X1 followed by a dial command causes the modem to go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register S6, and dial the number. If connection is made the modem returns a appropriate CONNECT message of code to the screen. The modem will not detect a busy or no dial tone situation.

X2 followed by a dial command causes the modem to go off hook and wait for a dial tone before dialing. If a dial tone is not detected within 5 seconds, the modem sends a NO DIALTONE message and hangs up. The modem will not detect a busy situation in this mode.

X3 followed by a dial command causes the modem to go off hook, wait the amount of time set in register S6 and dial the number. If a busy signal is detected, the modem sends a BUSY message and hangs up. If the call is completed, the appropriate CONNECT message similar to X1 will be displayed. The modem will not detect a no dial tone situation.

X4 followed by a dial command causes the modem to go off hook and wait for a dial tone before dialing. If a dial tone is not detected within 5 seconds, the modem returns a NO DIALTONE message and hangs up. If a busy signal is detected, the modem returns a BUSY message and hangs up. If the call is completed, the appropriate CONNECT message similar to X1 will be displayed.

# Response Commands, Cont.

The X4 command combines all the features of X2, and X3. The factory setting is X4.

Note: When an X2, X3, or X4 command is in effect, an appropriate CONNECT data rate message or code is displayed as for X1.

When a blind dial command (X, X1, X3) is in effect, the modem waits 2 seconds or the time set by S6 and then dials.

#### Number Code Application \*RC

Some communications software packages use different number codes to indicate the data rate of the serial port. This option selects either of two commonly used number code sets.

Command	Code Set	Number	Operation
*RC	Standard	15	4800 bps
		18	9600 bps
*RC1	Alt	11	4800 bps
-		12	9600 bps

default is \*RC

Note: Asterisks in AT Commands are part of the command and do not indicate footnotes.

# Asynchronous Operating Commands

# Response Commands, Cont.

Response Number Codes/Messages

Response number codes, messages and their corresponding meanings are listed in Table 5-2. The connect speeds indicated are the serial port rate (DTE), not the DCE speed.

Table 5-2
Response Codes/Messages

Code	Message	When Displayed
0	OK	Command received ok
1	CONNECT	300 bps while X1, X2, X3, or X4 command in effect. All DTE rates while X command in effect.
2	RING	Ring detected
3	NO CAPRIER	Valid carrier is not detected after call attempt within period specified by register S7, or carrier lost for value of S10 or more.
4	ERROR	Command not recognized or too long
5	CONNECT 1200	Connection made at 1200 bps
6	NO DIAL TONE	No dial tone detected for 5 seconds (X2 or X4 command in effect)
7	BUSY	Dialed number busy (X3 or X4 command in effect)
10	CONNECT 2400	Connection made at 2400 bps
11, 15	CONNECT 4800	Connection made at 4800 bps
12, 18	CONNECT 9600	Connection made at 9600 bps
14	CONNECT 19200	Connection made at 19200 bps
20	CONNECT 300/REL	MNP 300 bps connection
83	CONNECT 1200/REL	MNP 1200 bps connection
23	CONNECT 2400/REL	MNP 2400 bps connection
24	CONNECT 4800/REL	MNP 4800 bps connection
25	CONNECT 9600/REL	MNP 9600 bps connection
26	CONNECT 19200/REL	MNP 19200 bps connection
	)	

Note: Indicated speed is DTE speed

### DIAL COMMANDS

Dial commands let the modent originate a call to either tone or pulse dial telephone systems. another modem. These commands can be used with

Dialing

To

Dial a number, for example 555-1212,

**Tone Dialing** 

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Tone dial a number sequence, insert a

T in the dial command.

Enter

AT D T 323-1111

Enter

AT D 555-1212

the originate modem. whichever is currently in effect, and takes the role of The modem dials the number, either pulse or tone,

easier to read and enter. For example, these are all tion except dial modifiers to make the command line treated the same: Use spaces, hyphens, parentheses, or other punctua-

v

Insert Long Pause

To

sequence, use a comma. This inserts a 2

Insert a long pause in the dialing

second delay (or the value in register S8).

Enter

AT D P 555-9902

Enter

AT D P 9, 1-800-555-1000

**Pulse Dialing** 

To

P in the dial command

Pulse dial a number sequence, insert a

effect until changed.

number. The dialing method selected remains in

In this example, the modem tone dials the telephone

AT D 1 (800) 555-1212 AT D 1-800-555-1212 ATD18005551212

The dial modifiers are shown in Table 5-3.

Dial Modifiers Table 5-3

Modifier	Operation
7	Tone dialing*
סי	Pulse dialing
•	Insert a long pause (2 seconds or value in S8)
W	Wait for 2nd dial tone
<del>.</del>	Flash (1/2 second)
R	Switch to answer mode after dialing
Φ	Wait for silence
• :	Return to command mode after dialing
S	Dial stored command line or number

Dial Tone Wait for Second

Enter

AT D 9 W 323-8000

for a second dial tone.

you can wait up to 30 seconds (time specified by S7)

Instead of using a comma pause for an outside line,

To

Wait for second dial tone

inserted consecutively if desired.

dials the phone number. Comma pauses may be

telephone system to switch to an outside line, then Here the modem pulse dials a 9, pauses for the

detauts



Asynchronous Operating Commands

Dial Commands, Cont.

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### Dial Commands, Cont.

### Switch Hook

To flash the switchboard, enter an exclamation mark. This inserts a 1/2 second on hook condition, usually for transferring a call or similar use.

# AT D T 9W 323-8000 .!., #7 377

In this example, the modem tone dials a 9, waits for the second dial tone, dials the phone number, pauses, flashes to start the transfer, pauses twice, then uses #7 to transfer the call to extension 377.

#### Switching to Answer Mode After Dialing

To switch to answer mode after dialing, use an R at the end of the dial sequence.

### AT D 555-2345 R

Use this command suffix to call an originate-only modem.

#### Wait for 5 Seconds of Silence

To wait for 5 seconds of silence (no answer back tone) after accessing an electronic service, use the @command.

### AT D 399-4700 @ 2251;

In this example the modem dials the number and, after the connection, waits for 5 consecutive seconds of silence. The modem then sends service code 2251 and returns to command mode for further input.

For example, you might enter a dollar amount for a banking transaction by entering

### AT D 1400;

This sends the sequence 1400 and then returns to the command mode for further entries, according to the requirements of the banking service.

# Dial Commands, Cont.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

### Remaining in Command Mode

To remain in command mode after dialing, place a semicolon at the end of the dial string.

### AT D 234-5678;

The modem will dial the telephone number entered but will not attempt to train when the remote service answers the call.

This is used to retain control so that further tones may be entered with

### AT DIn;

The semicolon should be placed at the end of each sequence of digits in order to remain in command mode (n=additional tones to be sent).

Use the S command to dial a previously stored command line.

ATDS - Dials number stored at location 1.
ATDS and ATDS1 are the same.

Command Line

Dialing a Stored Telephone

To dial one of the multiple stored numbers, enter ATDSn where n is between 1 and 9.

### AT D S9

In this example the number stored in location 9 is dialed.

AT\*AUn - Selects stored number n (n=1 to 9) to be autodialed. This is the autodial number, which is used for dial backup or if DTR controlled dialer is enabled.

### Dial Commands, Cont.

### **Voice Calls**

dial command for the call number with the telephone. If you wish to use the by pressing the TALK / DATA button and dial the To make a voice call, place modem in TALK mode

### Enter ATD (number);

must be answered by the telset with the modem in vents the moderns from training. The remote site character (;) recalls the command mode and pretelephone control of the phone line. The semicolon Then place the modem in TALK mode to give the

> Answer **AT Command**

Manual Answer

panel switch from TALK to DATA after the first ring. When the phone rings, answer by changing the front

The most common is autoanswer.

Autoanswer

connect.

commands the modem to go to the answer mode and mode by entering ATA when the phone rings. This The modem can be made to go off hook in the answer

#### Switch from Voice to Data

DATA mode by pressing the TALK / DATA button. After dialing in TALK mode, place the modems in





A CALL **ANSWERING** 

nection.

There are three ways to answer a call for data con-

Asynchronous Operating Commands

 Manual AT command

Autoanswer































































S0 to that decimal value.

Decide which ring the modem is to answer on and set Entering ATS0=0 disables the autoanswer feature. loaded with a value between 1 and 255 for autoanmines which ring the modem answers on. S0 can be Autoanswer is controlled by register S0. S0 deter-











systems to exchange data via unattended modems.

matically answers on the selected ring and connects with the calling modem. This allows two computer

When these steps have been taken, the modem auto-

signal must be on for autoanswer to work. Note: If the &D2 option is active, the DTR

Actual data transfers may be controlled by the soft-

ware used by both computers.







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TERMINAL INTERFACE COMMANDS

exchanged on the interface. and the terminal in response to the signals being interface commands control the action of the modern modem and its associated data terminal. Terminal This interface is the connection medium between the

Data Set Ready &S

operation. DSR must be on for some terminals and

These commands control the DSR signal generated by the modem to indicate that the modem is ready for

devices to communicate with the modem.

Command

Operation

SS S

DSR always on\*

Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

Data Carrier Detect When using DCD to indicate a valid carrier, enter select &C. DCD on to communicate with the modem; if so AT&C1. Some terminals and other devices require

Command	Operation
2%	DCD always on*
&C1	DCD is on when the modem recognizes remote modem carrier or, if enabled, when MNP negotiation is complete
&C2	DCD on except for 5 seconds after disconnect
&C3	DCD follows RTS on remote modem (Simulated switched carrier)

<sup>\*</sup> default

Ready œ D

Command

8

Causes the modem to ignore DTR\*

Operation

<u>څ</u>

Causes the modern to go to command mode from data mode when DTR goes

from on to off.

Data Terminal

default

င်္ဂ လူ

DSR follows OH (off hook)

&S2 85 53

DSR on when off hook in data mode

DSR off for 5 seconds after disconnect then returns to on

In data mode DTR may be used for modem control.

AT&C3 simulates switched carrier operation.

Note: For simulated switched carrier operation available in V.32 direct or synchronous mode. &C3 must be selected on both modems. Only



















































\* default

modem will retrain.

&D3

Disconnects, recalls command mode,

configuration when DTR goes from on to off. In dial line mode the modem will and resets the modem to a stored

disconnect; in leased line mode the

&D2

Commands the modern to disconnect when DTR goes from on to off and disables autoanswer while DTR is off.

off-to-on transition of DTR. Note: If DTR Controls Dialer is selected, then &Dl and &D2 will cause an autodial after an

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# Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

#### á Serial Port Ring Indicate

cate line (pin 22) and LCD display. Determines indication mode of serial port ring indi-

Command	Operation
ਸ਼ੇ	Causes the LCD ring indicate display and EIA-232 pin 22 to turn or: (high) when the phone rings and remains on during the duration of the call.
\R1	Causes the LCD ring indicate display and EIA-232 pin 22 to turn on (high) when the phone rings and turns off (low) when the call is answered.

<sup>\*</sup> default

### Clear to Send Request to Send /

When the modem is operating in nonbuffered mode AT&R2 selected CTS goes high when carrier is detected. AT&R9 forces CTS to follow the state of delay, determined by the value in S26. AT&R1 (direct mode) AT&R enables the RTS to CTS RTS without delay. forces CTS high and the modem ignores RTS. With

င္ပ	Command	Operation
	&R	Enables RTS to CTS delay
	&R1	CTS forced on*
	&R2	CTS follows DCD
	&R3	CTS equals RTS

<sup>\*</sup> default

mode or with MNP enabled. Note: RTS/CTS delay is not valid in buffered































































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Asynchronous Operating Commands

# Terminal Interface Commands, Cont.

options. and &CI are the only valid carrier detect the only valid method of flow control and &C Note: With AT&R2 selected, XON/XOFF is

### (Pin 23) \*FB **DTE Fallback**

If the DTE fallback (EIA-232, pin 23) input to the modem is not in use, set the option to ignore pin 23. rate; positive forces lower rate. 23, enable this option. Negative level forces higher To cause the modem to act on high / low levels of pin.

Command	Operation
*FB	Ignore pin 23*
*FB1	Transition on pin 23 changes speed

<sup>\*</sup> default

munications path. Diagnostic tests will terminate after the period of time specified by \$18. If \$18 is set to 0, the timer is disabled and tests will run continuously. Tests may also be terminated by the AT&T command. When in test modes without test pattern, issue the escape sequence (+ + +) to return to command mode before terminating the test with the AT&T command.

Transmit test pattern	%T
Initiate remote analog loopback with test pattern	&Т9
Initiate local analog loopback test with test pattern	&T8
Initiate remote digital loopback with test pattern	&T7
Initiate remote digital loopback test	&T6
Disallows acceptance of remote requested digital loopback	&T5
Allows acceptance of remote requested digital loopback*	&T4
initiate local digital loopback test	&T3
Initiate remote analog loopback test	&Т2
Initiate local analog loopback test	&T1
Terminate any test	8.T
Operation	Command

<sup>\*</sup> default

Note: Local analog loopback with or without test pattern is the only test available in error control mode.



S
Asynchronous Operating Commands

Test Commands, Cont.

Bilateral Test Enable/Disable \*AN

ĐŒ.

Enables or disables bilateral test functions.

\*AN Bilateral analog loop disabled\*
\*AN1 Bilateral analog loop enabled

\*DG Bilateral digital loop enabled

\*DG1 Bilateral digital loop enabled

default

Ш

DTE Controlled
Remote Digital
Loopback (Pin 21)

To enable DTE controlled remote digital loopback, enter AT\*RD1. Enabled, the modem goes into remote digital loopback when it detects an off-to-on transition of pin 21 while in the online data mode. Test ends when it detects an on-to-off transition of pin 21 and then returns to online data mode. To disable this function enter AT\*RD.

-	Command	Operation
- 44	GH.	Ignore pin 21"
	10H.	RDL enabled (pin 21)

default

Note: If the test timeout option is enabled and pin 21 remains high, the modem returns to online mode at the end of the test timeout period and then immediately reenters the test mode.

Test Commands, Cont.

DTE Controlled Local Analog Loopback (Pin 18) \*LA

¡To enable DTE controlled local analog loopback test, enter AT\*LA1. Enabled, the modern goes into local analog loopback when it detects an off-to-on transition of pin 18. Test ends when it detects an on-to-off transition of pin 18. To disable, enter AT\*LA.

LA1	ζ.	Command
LAL enabled (pin 18)	Ignore pin 18"	Operation

Â

Note: If the test timeout option is enabled and pin 18 remains high, the modem returns to idle mode at the end of the test timeout period and then immediately reenters the test mode.

### GENERAL COMMANDS

This series of commands control various standard options that in most cases apply to any mode of operation.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

### Changing from Data Mode to Command Mode + + +

To change from data mode to online command mode, press the escape character three times (+ is the default). Pause for the length of time set by register S12 (1 second is the default) before and after the +++ to ensure the modem recognizes the escape command.

This sequence temporarily suspends data mode transmissions and allows command mode operations without breaking the connection. The modem responds with OK when it detects the escape code. Return to data mode by entering ATO.

Note: The AT command set must be enabled.

### Local Character Echo

Type AT without a carriage return. If the screen shows AT the character echo is set correctly. Proceed with other commands as desired.

If the screen shows AATT enter the ATE command to correct the double characters or disable the local echo on the terminal.

If the screen shows no characters, type ATE1 to turn the echo on or enable local echo on the terminal.

|--|

<sup>\*</sup> default

<sup>\*</sup> defau

# General Commands, Cont.

### Hanging Up

To terminate a call, enter the command ATH. This tells the modern to disconnect and go on hook. The modern must be in command mode to use this command.

### V.32 Cleardown

This disconnect option allows a training sequence before the actual hang up.

Command	Operation
Н2	V.32 cleardown enabled
НЗ	V.32 cleardown disabled*

<sup>\*</sup> default

### EPROM Check

PC software packages may issue the ATI command to verify the modem will support all commands needed by the software package. The modem returns ASCII characters representing the model and revision level. To request the CRC to be calculated on the EPROM, enter ATI1. The modem returns four ASCII characters representing the CRC in hexadecimal form. Enter ATI3 to request the product version.

Command	Operation
-	Request product code
1	Request EPROM CRC value
ដ	Request product version

### Speaker Volume -

ATL commands offer three volume levels.

Command	Operation
나, 니	Speaker volume low
12	Speaker volume medium*
L3	Speaker volume high

<sup>\*</sup> aefault

### 

# Asynchronous Operating Commands

### General Commands, Cont

### Speaker Control M

M

ATM commands enable or disable the speaker for monitoring purposes.

Command	Operation
×	Disables the speaker
Z.	Disables the speaker while receiving a carrier signal*
M2	Speaker always on
МЗ	Disables the speaker while receiving a carrier signal and modem is dialing

W

لقا

#### Return Online O

لتا

لقا

Use the O command when you are in the online command mode and want to return to data mode. It returns the modem to the same mode (originate or answer) that it was in before escaping to the (online) command mode.

#### Long Space Disconnect

لتا

One method of disconnecting two modems is called long space disconnect. When any disconnect condition is detected by the local modem, it will send 4 seconds of data space condition to the remote modem before disconnecting. This signals the remote modem to disconnect. The local modem will disconnect if it receives 1.6 or more seconds of data space condition from a remote modem. If break sequences of 1.6 or more seconds are to be sent, enter ATY to disable this feature and prevent unintentional disconnects.

Note: This options must be disabled if SDLC NRZI data is used.

Izl

<sup>\*</sup> default

### General Commands, Cont.

 Command	Operation
 Υ	Long space disconnect off
 Υ1	Long space disconnect on*

<sup>\*</sup> defauti

### Guard Tones &G

This option controls the generation of CCITT V.22 guard tones. These guard tones not used in the United States.

<del></del>	Command	Operation
	&G	No guard tone*
	&G1	550 Hz guard tone
	%G%	1800 Hz guard tone

<sup>\*</sup> default

### 、Dial/Leased Line ⊸&L

If operating on dial-up lines, enter AT&L. If operating on leased lines, enter AT&L1 for 2-wire or AT&L2 for 4-wire.

Command	Operation
78	Dial (switched)*
&L1	Leased (private) 2-wire
&L2	Leased (private) 4-wire

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### Asynchronous/ Synchronous Mode Selection

The AT&M commands select synchronous or asynchronous operation and V.25 bis autodialing protocols. AT&M selects asynchronous mode.

AT&M1 selects synchronous mode 1. Calls are placed asynchronously. Operation switches to synchronous when connecting.

AT&M2 selects synchronous mode 2. The modem automatically dials a stored number when it detects an off-to-on transition of DTR. Use the AT&Dn



# Asynchronous Operating Commands General Commands, Cont.

command to select the action to be taken on a DTR transition.

AT&M3 selects synchronous mode 3. Calls are placed manually.

AT&M4 selects synchronous mode 4. V.25 bis autodialer set for Bisync protocol.

AT&M5 selects synchronous mode 5. V.25 bis autodialer set for SDLC protocol.

Use register S30 to select EBCDIC/ASCII and NRZ/NRZI for data format.

Command	Operation
&M	Asynchronous mode*
8M1	Synchronous mode 1
&M2	Synchronous mode 2
8M3	Synchronous mode 3 (V.25 bis disabled)
&M4	Synchronous mode 4 with V.25 bis Bisync
&M5	Synchronous mode 5 with V.25 bis SDLC

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### Make/Break Dial Pulse Ratio &P

Using AT&P, the dial pulse is on for 39% and off for 61% of one cycle. Using AT&P1, the dial pulse is on for 33% and off for 67% of one cycle.

Command	Operation
d%	39% : 60% US and Canada*
t-d%	33% : 67%

<sup>\*</sup> default

### General Commands, Cont.

### Synchronous Transmit Clock Source

The AT&X commands select internal, external, or receive clock as the transmit clock source.

Command
&X
&X1
&X2

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### DCE Speed %B

AT%B sets the originating DCE speed to follow the DTE speed. Two modems will not connect at a speed faster than the lower DCE speed setting of the two modems. To allow the modem to transmit data at a speed different from DTE speed, enter AT%Bn (n=1 to 6).

Command	Operation
8%	Use DTE speed
%B1	300 bps
%B2	1200 bps
%В3	2400 bps
%B4	4800 bps
%B5	9600 bps
%B6	9600 trellis*

<sup>\*</sup> default



# Asynchronous Operating Commands

### General Commands, Cont.

#### Disconnect Buffer Delay %D

Sets a delay during which the modern will process data in its transmit and receive buffers before disconnecting. When a condition exists which will cause a disconnect, the modern will attempt for n seconds to empty its buffers. When the buffers are empty or if n=0, the modern disconnects immediately.

%Dn	%D	Command
Disconnect buffer delay value (seconds)	Disconnect buffer delay disabled*	Operation

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### Auto Retrain %E

This option allows the modem to automatically retrain in response to poor received signal quality without a reconnection. The modem will always respond to a retrain request from the remote modem.

%E1	%E	Command
Enable auto retrain*	Disable auto retrain	Operation

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### Product Revision Level %V

The %V command displays the product revision level.

### Product Serial Number

The \$V command displays the product serial number.

# General Commands, Cont.

### Programmable Permissive/

AT%Z. In programmable (RJ45 jack) operation, the permissive (RJ11 jack), transmit output level is set to can be set for two different modes of operation. In resistor. This mode is selected with AT%Z1. transmit level can be set by an external program For dial-up operation the modem transmitter output -9 dBm. To set the modem for permissive mode enter

Command	Operation
%Z	RJ11 (permissive)*
%Z1	RJ45 (programmable)

\* default

command and do not indicate footnotes. Note: Asterisks in AT commands are part of the

### Talk / Data

The AT\*DA command selects talk or data mode.

		<u></u>
.DA1	.DA	ommand
Switches modem to data	Switches modem to talk	Operation

Dial Backup

ual or automatic. Determines whether dial backup mode will be man-

Command	Operation
	nuał diał back
.DB1	Automatic dial backup operation

H

H

\* default





### General Commands, Cont.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

### V.32 Fast Train

ZI.

tance dial or 2-wire leased lines. time when operating over high quality, limited dis-The V.32 fast train option is used to reduce training

Command	Operation
*FT	Disable fast train*
.FT1	Enable fast train

\* default

Ž

E

#### Ë Backup Line From Dial Return to Leased

On dial-up lines, \*LB causes the modem to return to leased line operation from dial backup. On leased modem to wait for a dial backup call. lines with forced answer enabled, \*LB causes the

Disconnect Line Current

ured to disconnect upon interruption of telephone line current. Dial line operation only. The modem can be config-

default

#### Ġ Manual Dial Backup

manual dial backup selected. number if the modem is in originate mode with Leased line operation only. \*LD dials the autodial

## General Commands, Cont.

#### **Command Set** Disable AT

AT\*NT disables the AT command set.

figuration. mand operation of another modem via remote con-AT\*NT1 allows a remote modem to enable AT com-

Appendix C if needed. AT Command Recovery for "L" Models section in Recover AT commands via LCD if needed. Refer to

3 LIN.	1 IN.	Command
Enable AT command set*	Disable AT command set	Operation

default

Answer / Originate Forces modem to answer or originate mode. This with error correction and/or dial backup. option is used with 2 or 4-wire leased line operation

2

<sup>\*</sup> default

### Transmit Level Leased Line

		ဂ္ဂ
	nJT.	Command
is a number between 0 and 15 corresponding to a TX level of 0 to -15 dBm	Sets leased line TX level to n where n	Operation

<sup>\*</sup> default is 0 dBm

# Asynchronous Operating Commands

### COMMANDS CONFIGURATION

Ž.

These commands recall various profiles and insert and telephone numbers in nonvolatile memory, and them into the active profile, store the active profile tion is discussed at the end of this section. designate the powerup profile. Remote configura-

### Configuration Modem Powerup

with the &Fn command. configuration or a factory configuration is restored when power is off, until &W is issued with a new The stored configuration is retained in memory, even figuration (or profile) options in nonvolatile memory. The &W command stores the current modem con-

Store the current configuration

70

### Enter AT&W

power is turned on, the stored configuration becomes tion is established, this command saves time. When the modem is reset with the Z command or the current configuration. Once a proven configura-

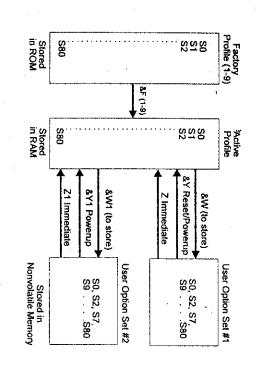
ਹੋ Reset the modem

#### Enter ATZ

reinstate the powerup configuration stored in the modem memory. Enter the ATZ command to reset the modem and

Figure 5-1 illustrates configuration storage and re-

# Configuration Commands, Cont.



Configuration Storage and Recall Figure 5-1

To View the active configurations

Enter AT&V

form of S-register values. The terminal displays the active configuration in the

To Insert a factory configuration

Enter AT&Fn (n=1-4)

settings into the active profile. The AT&Fn command loads one of four factory





View



**Signal Parameters** Profiles/Received Configuration





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Asynchronous Operating Commands

# Configuration Commands, Cont.

Configuration Reset to Stored

7

profile Reset the modem to stored configuration

Enter ATZ

Command Ν Reset to last stored configuration Operation

Options &F Load Factory

of each set. option sets. Refer to Appendix D for a complete list The AT&Fn command is used to load the factory

&F, &F1 Load factory option 1 (async dial-up with MNP)*  &F2 Load factory option 2 (async dial-up without MNP)  &F3 without MNP)  &F4 Load factory option 3 (sync dial-up without MNP)	The state of the s	
1 1 1	leased line without MNC	
1 1 1		
1 1 1	FORGING OPENI 4 (SYLIC 4-WILD	274
1 1 1	tond tonton pation & forms & min	•
i I I	HIGNOCK HEIGHT	
i I I	without MAID)	
i I I	Load factory option 3 (sync dial-up	<u>م</u>
	)	
	WILLIOUS WINE)	
	without MAID	
	Load factory option 2 (async dial-up	Ω.
	WILL WINE	
	Load factory option 1 (async dial-up	&+, &+1
		100
	-peranon	Communic
	Operation	Command

<sup>\*</sup> default

the received signal parameters. profile in the form of S-register values. & V1 displays Allows the user to view the current configuration

&V1 D	&V D	Command	
Displays received signal parameters	Displays configuration profiles	Operation	

Configuration Commands, Cont.

#### **Command Line** Telephone Storing a

stored information. Modem power can be turned off without affecting ber is retained until replaced by another number. spaces remaining in the overflowed location cannot characters will overflow into the next location. Any characters each are available in nonvolatile memory. be used for another number. The stored phone nummodated. However, a phone number longer than 31 Nørmally, one phone number per location is accom-Nine stored phone number locations of up to 31

Two commands can store phone numbers:

modifiers, at location 1 (up to 31 digits). AT&Zn - Stores telephone number n, including dial

dial modifiers, at location x (x=1 to 9). AT\*CNx,n - Stores telephone number n, including

mand should follow the &Z. Note: Neither the AT prefix nor the D com-

AT\*ND - Displays the stored numbers (1-9)

mands are limited to 34 characters. Note: Phone numbers stored using AT com-













**Configuration Commands, Cont** 

Asynchronous Operating Commands







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**Restoring Options** 

or more DTEs. When options are retained, the cur-

This option is used when the modern is shared by two

Retaining/





ing commands return OK but are not executed:

When selected for options to be restored, the follow-

stored configuration on disconnect.

options restored, the modem returns to the previously rent configuration is not altered at disconnect. With





AT&F AT&Z

AT\*CN

Store telephone number Store telephone number

AT&W

Store current configuration Recall factory configuration

Command . HO \*R01

Operation







default

Restore options at disconnect Retain options at disconnect\*























































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### REMOTE CONFIGURATION

### Security Code %P=

A security code is used to prevent unauthorized access to remote configuration mode. The security code is user programmable and can be set to any value from 0 to 99999999 using the AT%P= <desired code> command.

Example: If the remote modem security code is 12345, then the local modem must include this code in the initialization string before the remote modem will respond. Default security code= <Blank>.

Command	Operation
%P=	Sets security code to value entered after equals character. Example: %P= <0 to 99999999>
%Þ?	Request local security code to be displayed
%P=D	When the security code equals D, access for remote configuration by a remote modem is not possible

#### Remote Configuration %T=

This mode of operation allows the modem user to view or modify the option set of a remote modem. Entering AT%T= (security code of remote) will initiate remote configuration.

Refer to Chapter 4 for description.

Command	Operation
%T=	This command followed by the correct security code establishes remote configuration mode
&T	Exits remote configuration mode

# S Asynchronous Operating Commands

#### PROTOCOL COMMANDS

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These modes and conditions are selected by AT commands. Table 5-4 illustrates mode and condition availabilities.

Table 5-4
Operating Modes and Conditions

		•			
Operating Mode	Error Correction	Error Data Correction Compression	Flow Control	Data	Constant Speed Interface
Normal	Disabled	Disabled	Allowed	Buffered	On or off
Direct	Disabled	Disabled	Not allowed	Not buffered	DTE = DCE (slaved)
Reliable (MNP)	Enabled	On or off	Allowed	Buffered	On
Auto- reliable (MNP)	Enabled	On or off	Allowed	Buffered	On

### Operating Mode

Sets the operating mode that the modem uses while in data mode. An ATNn command issued during command mode while a connection is in progress will not affect the current connection but will be acted on for subsequent connections. Refer to Chapter 8 for descriptions.

Normal mode (no error control) data is buffered  N1 Direct mode (no error control) data is not buffered  N2 Reliable mode (MNP only)  N3 Auto-reliable mode (try MNP then fallback to normal async)	Command	Operation
		Normal mode (no error control) data is buffered
	N1	Direct mode (no error control) data is not buffered
	\N2	Reliable mode (MNP only)
		Auto-reliable mode (try MNP then fallback to normal async)

<sup>\*</sup> default

V.3225 / V.3225L

Protocol Commands, Cont.

### bps Adjust Serial Port (DTE)

speed in any mode. erate at different speeds. The ATV1 command The ATV command allows DCE and DTE to opforces serial port (DTE) speed to follow data link

the new DCE speed. rate. All subsequent data will be sent to the DTE at DTE autobaud speed, the modem will issue the CONis established at a speed other than that of the original If the modem is in direct mode (VI) and a DCE link NECT message for the new DTE speed at the original

Command	Operation
۷	Disable slaved DTE/DCE (constant speed DTE on)*
5	Enable slaved DTE/DCE (constant speed DTE off)

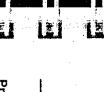
<sup>\*</sup> default

### Control **Data Link Flow**

the modem uses XON/XOFF to start/stop data transduring a normal connection. When AT\G1 is set sent from the remote modem to the local modem Enables or disables flow control used to pace data mission from the remote modem. This command is ignored during a reliable connection.

Command	Operation
ର୍ଜ	Disable modem port flow control*.
ର୍ଜ	Enable modem port XON/XOFF flow
-	control

<sup>\*</sup> default



Asynchronous Operating Commands

# Protocol Commands, Cont.

#### Ó Control Serial Port Flow

is again used to cause the DTE to resume sending to transmit data and the buffer empties, flow control to stop sending characters. As the modem continues is full the modem uses flow control to cause the DTE buffer until they can be transmitted. When this buffer modem. The modem holds characters in an internal connection, characters may be sent by the DTE to the Sets the type of flow control used by the serial port. modem faster than it can send them to the remote If the serial port speed exceeds that of the modem

### AT\Q disables flow control.

data.

the DTE setup taken from the last AT command. accepts XON/XOFF characters to start and stop the data flow. These characters have the same parity as AT\Q1 is set, the modem generates and

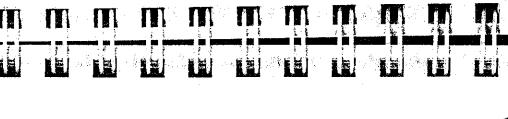
the DTE and CTS on to restart it. AT\Q2 allows use of CTS off to stop the data from

and stopping data from the modem to the DTE. In addition RTS on/off is used to facilitate starting AT\Q3 forces the modem to act on CTS like \Q2.

Command	Operation
à	Disable DTE flow control
\Q1	Enable XON/XOFF flow control*
\Q2	Enable CTS flow control
103	Enable bilateral CTS/RTS flow control

<sup>\*</sup> default





## **Protocol Commands, Cont.**

#### × Through XON/XOFF Pass

normal mode the modem will look at the \G comacters from the remote modem as data characters. In mode the modem treats incoming XON/XOFF chardisables the sending of local flow control characters mand and act accordingly. (XON/XOFF) to the remote modem. In reliable by the DTE has been selected for XON/XOFF and This option is active when flow control of the modem the connect mode is reliable or normal. It enables or

from the remote system before the modem is in a loss of data. ready to receive more data, possibly resulting These characters may turn on the flow of data characters will be sent to the remote system. Caution: With XI in effect local flow control

default

# Asynchronous Operating Commands

## Protocol Commands, Cont.

### Compression **MNP Data**

sion, enter AT%C. protocol, enter AT%C1. To disable data compres-To enable data compression while running MNP

Command	Operation
%C	Data compression disabled
%C1	Data compression enabled*

default

### Auto-Reliable

Fallback Character auto-reliable fallback character by the answering moto normal mode upon receipt of the auto-reliable dem. During negotiation of protocol in auto-reliable Selects the ASCII character to be recognized as the mode, the answering modem switches from reliable the character to the serial port. fallback character from the calling modem and passes

Set the auto-reliable fallback character

To

		Enter
		AT%An
character	representing an ASCII	where n=1 - 127 decimal

acter. The default of 0 disables auto-reliable fallback char-

Command	Operation
%An	Sets ASCII character to be recognized as the auto-reliable fallback character

reliable mode (ATN3). Note: The modem must be optioned for auto-

# Protocol Commands, Cont.

### **Break Control**

by the modem when a break is encountered. Use AT $\times$ In (n =0-5) to indicate the action taken

col, data not buffered).

Command

Effect

in connect state during a direct connection (no proto-

A break is sent to the serial port while the modem is

.,	
Command	Operation
€	Break option 0
K1	Break option 1
IK2	Break option 2
\К3	Break option 3
\K4	Break option 4
₹5	Break option 5*

<sup>\*</sup> aefault

A break is received from the remote modem while

\K1, \K3, \K5 Immediately send a break to the remote

modem

\K, \K2, \K4 Immediately send a break to the remote modern and enter command state when

break is through

the modem is in connect state during a normal con-

nection (no protocol, data buffered).

Command

<u></u> ₹.

\K2, \K3

Immediately send a break to the serial

Empty the data buffers and send a break to the serial port

Effect

**₹4 ₹5** 

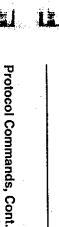
Send a break to the serial port in sequence with any data received from

remote modern

explained below with descriptions of the modem's response under the different \ \K command break Conditions under which breaks may occur are

tion (no protocol, data buffered) in connect state during a reliable or normal connec-A break is sent to the serial port while the modem is

Command	Effect
\K, \K2, \K4	Enter command mode but do not send break to the remote modem
\K1	Empty the data buffers and send break to the remote modem
\K3	Immediately send break to the remote modem
\K5	Send break to the remote modem in sequence with any data received from the serial port





5
Asynchronous Operating Commands





































































normal connection (no protocol, data buffered). dem is in command state during a reliable (MNP) or A transmit break command is issued while the mo-

Command

Effect

**天 天** 

Empty the data buffers and send a break to the remote modem







K4, K5

Send a break to the remote modem in sequence with any data received from the serial port

K2, K3

Immediately send a break to the

remote modem











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V.3225 / V.3225L

































### **Block Size** Maximum MNP

specified by the AT\A command. connection. The modem sends a block up to the size connections. Use this command to force the modem to transmit smaller blocks when in a reliable link Sets the maximum transmit block size for reliable

Command	Operation
S	Maximum transmit block size = 64 characters
IA1	Maximum transmit block size = 128 characters
IA2	Maximum transmit block size = 192 characters
АЗ	Maximum transmit block size = 256 characters*

<sup>\*</sup> defauts

#### Timer **MNP** Inactivity

The timer is active only during a reliable connection receiving data. When time is set to 0, it is disabled online in a reliable mode without transmitting or Specifies the number of minutes the modem will stay

Command	Operation
17	Disable inactivity timer*
\Tn	Set inactivity to $n (n = 1-90)$ minutes

<sup>\*</sup> default

#### € Codes **Protocol Result**

Enables or disables protocol result codes. See Table

Command	Operation
¥	Disable protocol result codes*
۱۷۱	Enable protocol result codes

<sup>\*</sup> defaut

Asynchronous Operating Commands

## Protocol Commands, Cont.

#### Ó Set Break Length Transmit Break/

signal to the remote modem. In all modes except The default is 35 (700 ms). via AT\Bn where n=1-255 in 20 ms increments break signal over the link. S79 may be set directly or break sent to the DTE by the modem receiving a direct, S-register 79 determines the length of the AT\B commands the local modem to send a break

Sets S79 to length of break desired. n = 1-255 in 20 ms increments Default is 35 (700 ms)	В'n
Sends a break signal to the remote modem (Does not modify S79)	В
Operation	Command

#### ดี Buffer Set Auto-Reliable

Refer to Chapter 8 for information on reliable mode. mode and is expected to process a non-reliable call commands when the modem is in the auto-reliable dem attempts to establish a reliable link. Use these modem during the 4 second interval the answer mobuffer data received from the non-reliable originate Determines whether or not the answering modem will

(C1	6	Command
Buffer data for 4 seconds or 200 characters	Disable auto reliab	Operation

default

# **Protocol Commands, Cont.**

### б Originate MNP

modem does not respond the modem returns to normal mode. two link requests (18 seconds) and if the remote received the AT\U command. The modem sends command to succeed, the remote modern must have whether it originated or answered the call. For this return online and initiate a MNP link regardless of The AT\O command forces the local modem to

б	Command
Originate a reliable link	Operation

### ₹ E Accept an MNP

originated or answered the call. For this command the AT\O command. to succeed, the remote modem must have received reliable link independent of whether the modern Forces the modem to return online and accept a

nitely for the remote modem to issue the "originate MNP link" command. This command will cause the modem to wait indefi-

Command	Operation
É	Accept an MNP link

### Normal to MNP Switch from

link is not established in 18 sec. modem will return to a normal connection if a reliable reliable mode for this command to succeed. The for the call. The remote modem must switch to based on which mode, originate / answer, it was in direct mode. The modem will initiate / accept a link attempt a reliable link while connected in normal or Entering \Y causes the modem to return online and

	_
۱Y	Command
Switch from normal to MNP	Operation

























































Protocol Commands, Cont.

Asynchronous Operating Commands

### to Normal Switch from MNP

This command causes the modem to return online and switch from a reliable connection to a normal connection.

Z	Command
Switch from MNP to normal	Operation

forces the modem to the direct mode. Note: If VI and \C are set, the \Z command